Nursing Data Dialogue: Canadian Perspective

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Chronology of CNA Activities

- 1992 National Nursing Minimum Data Set conference
- 1997 national consensus on five nursing components of health information (data elements): nursing resource intensity and nurse identifier as well as the clinical nursing care data elements: client status, nursing intervention, and client outcome.
- 1998 CNA position Statement "there is a need for consistent data collection using standardized languages to aggregate and compare data"
- 2000, CNA discussion paper, supporting ICNP®, in principle, as the foundational classification system for clinical nursing data in Canada (CNA, 2000).
- 2001 consultation indicated strong support from CNA member jurisdictions for investigating how ICNP® might be adapted for use in Canada (CNA, April, 2001).
- CNA Position Statement: Collecting Data to Reflect the Impact of Nursing Practice (CNA, November 2001)
- 2002 Making Nursing Evident: Moving the Agenda Forward Strategy
- 2003 Implementing the Strategy

Rationale:

 Essential linkage among <u>access to</u> <u>nursing information</u>, <u>client outcomes</u> and <u>patient safety</u>.

Fundamental Principles

- Health information must be patient/client centred and multidisciplinary.
- Nursing data must be integrated with into national health information.

Nursing Minimum Data Set Conference (1992)

Five Nursing Components of Health Information (data elements):

- Client status
- Nursing interventions
- Client outcome
- Nursing intensity
- Primary nurse identifier

Nursing Minimum Data Set Conference (1992)
Consensus Confirmed 1997

Standardization Options for Data within the Nursing Components of Health Information (Data Elements)

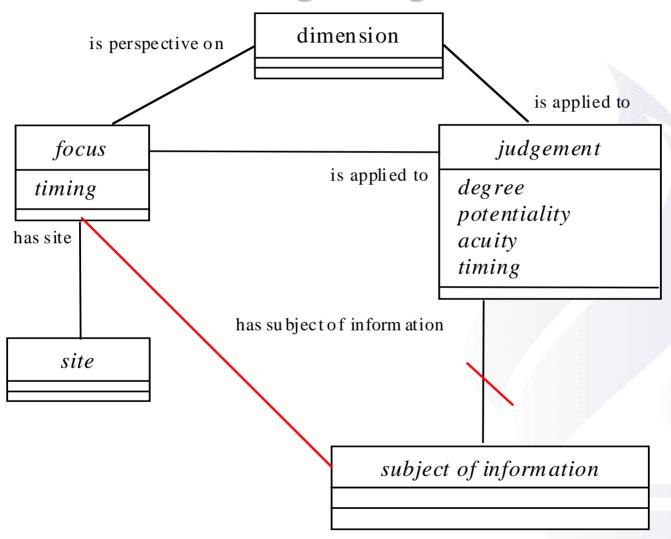
- Client status Reference Terminology Model (ISO 18104) and ICNP®
- Nursing interventions Reference Terminology Model (ISO 18104) and ICNP®
- Client outcome Reference Terminology Model (ISO 18104) and Ontario Health Outcomes for Better Care (formerly The Nursing and Health Outcomes Project)
- Nursing intensity MIS Guidelines (surrogate)
- Primary nurse identifier Provider Registry (WHIC/Infoway)

ISO 18104 Reference Terminology Model For Nursing

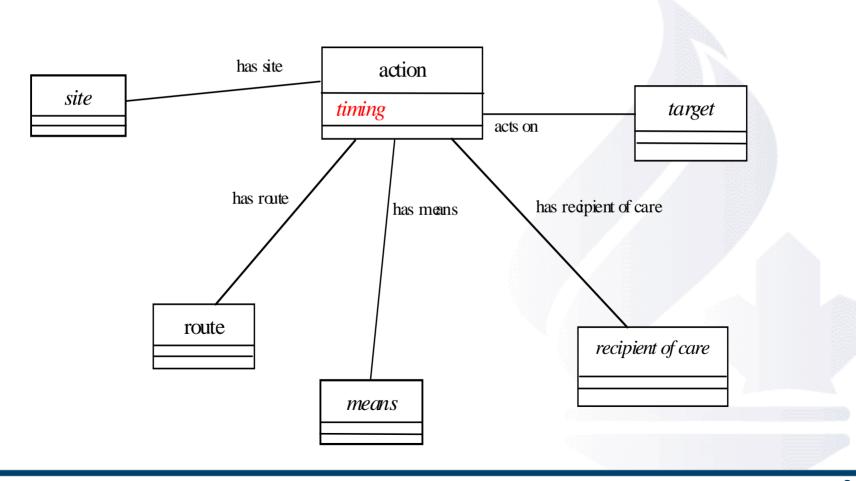
The purpose of this International Standard is to:

 establish a nursing reference terminology model consistent with the goals and objectives of other specific health terminology models in order to provide a more unified reference health model.

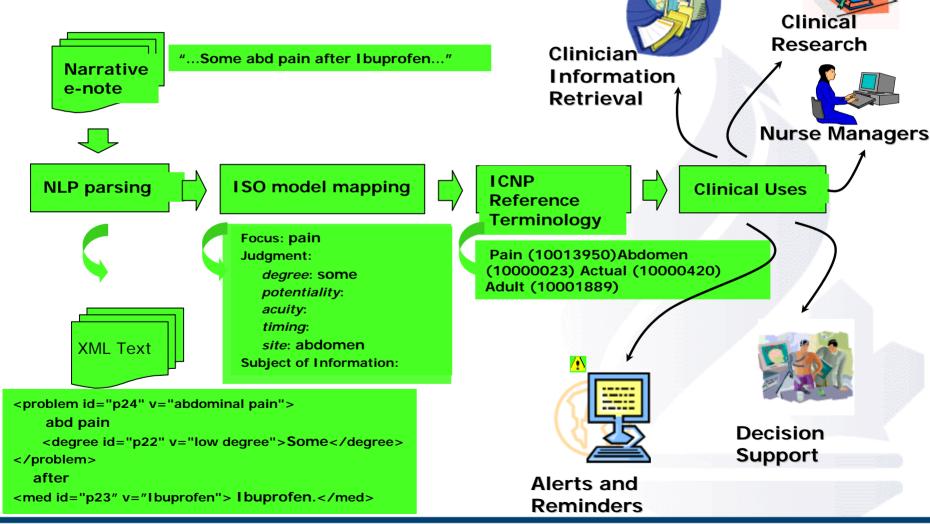
Reference Terminology Model for Nursing Diagnoses



Reference Terminology Model for Nursing Actions



Architecture for NLP Processing and Standardized Terminology Encoding Using ISO Models



The Way Forward Must:

- Ensure the safety of patient care in Canada by including data about nursing and nurses in all Canadian Health Infostructure.
- Include nursing data elements in all integrated health information architectures and interlocking health terminology models in Canada,
- Ensure nursing input to design, standards development and pilot studies for the emerging national health infostructure